

With God, all things are possible

St. Margaret's Anfield Church of England Primary School

**Jesus said, "Love one another as I have loved you" John 15:12.
Therefore, by faith and work, we will be the change you want to
see.**



Policy for Physical Education

Mr. M. Anderson

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1 Aims and objectives

1.1 P.E develops the children's knowledge, skills and understanding, so that they can perform with increasing competence and confidence in a range of physical activities. These include dance, games, gymnastics, swimming and water safety, athletics and outdoor adventure activities. P.E promotes an understanding in children of their bodies in action. It involves thinking, selecting and applying skills, and it promotes positive attitudes towards a healthy lifestyle. Thus, we enable the children to make informed choices about physical activity throughout their lives.

1.2 Our objectives in the teaching of P.E are:

- to enable children to develop and explore physical skills with increasing control and coordination;
- to encourage children to work and play with others in a range of group situations;
- to develop the way in which children perform skills, and apply rules and conventions, for different activities;
- to show children how to improve the quality and control of their performance;
- to teach children to recognise and describe how their bodies feel during exercise;
- to develop the children's enjoyment of physical activity through creativity and imagination;
- to develop an understanding in children of how to succeed in a range of physical activities, and how to evaluate their own success.

2 Teaching and learning style

2.1 We use a variety of teaching and learning styles in P.E lessons. Our principal aim is to develop the children's knowledge, skills and understanding, and we do this through a mixture of whole-class teaching and individual or group activities. Teachers draw attention to good examples of individual performance as models for the other children, and we encourage the children to evaluate their own work as well as the work of other children. Within lessons, we give the children the opportunity both to collaborate and to compete with each other, and they have the opportunity to use a wide range of resources.

2.2 In all classes, children have a wide range of physical ability. Whilst recognising this fact, we provide suitable learning opportunities for all children by matching the challenge of the task to the ability of the child. We achieve this through a range of strategies:

- setting common tasks that are open-ended and can have a variety of results (e.g. timed events, such as an 80 m sprint);
- setting tasks of increasing difficulty, where not all children complete all tasks (e.g. the high jump);
- grouping children by ability, and setting different tasks for each group (e.g. different games);
- providing a range of challenge through the provision of different resources (e.g. different gymnastics equipment).

3 P.E curriculum planning

3.1 P.E is a foundation subject in the National Curriculum. Our school uses the national scheme of work as the basis for its curriculum planning in P.E. We have adapted the national scheme to the local circumstances of the school. As required, we teach dance, games and gymnastics at Key Stage 1. In Key Stage 2, We teach compulsory dance, games and gymnastics, plus two other activities: swimming and water safety, and athletics.

3.2 The curriculum planning in P.E is carried out in three phases (long-term, medium-term and short-term). The long-term plan maps out the P.E activities covered in each term during the key stage. The School Leadership Team devises this plan in conjunction with teaching colleagues in each year group.

3.3 Our medium-term plans, which we have adopted from the Qualifications and Curriculum Authority (QCA) national scheme, give details of each unit of work for each term. These plans define what we will teach, and ensure an appropriate balance and distribution of work across each term. The subject leader is responsible for keeping and reviewing these plans.

3.4 Class teachers complete a daily plan for each P.E lesson. This lists the specific learning objectives and expected outcomes, and gives details of how the lesson is to be taught. The class teacher keeps these individual plans, and the class teacher and Teaching and Learning Leadership team facilitate discussion on an informal basis.

3.5 We plan the P.E activities so that the pupils build upon their prior learning. While there are opportunities for children of all abilities to develop their skills, knowledge and understanding in each activity area, there is progression planned into the scheme of work, so that the children are increasingly challenged as they move up through the school.

4 The Foundation Stage

4.1 The Foundation Stage follows the guidance set out in the Early Years Foundation Stage documents (DfES 2007) by providing opportunities to be active and interactive and to improve skills of coordination, control, manipulation and movement. Children are supported in developing an understanding of the importance of physical activity and making healthy choices in relation to food, sleeping and hygiene.

5 Contribution of P.E to teaching in other curriculum areas

5.1 English

P.E contributes to the teaching of English in our school by encouraging children to describe what they have done, and to discuss how they might improve their performance.

5.2 Personal, social and health education (P.S.H.E) and citizenship

P.E contributes to the teaching of personal, social and health education and citizenship. Children learn about the benefits of exercise and healthy eating, and how to make informed choices about these things.

5.3 Spiritual, moral, social and cultural development

The teaching of P.E offers opportunities to support the social development of our children through the way in which we expect them to work with each other in lessons. Groupings allow children to work together, and give them the chance to discuss their ideas and performance. Their work in general enables them to develop a respect for other children's levels of ability, and encourages them to cooperate across a range of activities and experiences. Children learn to respect and work with each other, and develop a better understanding of themselves and of each other.

6 P.E and I.C.T

6.1 Information and communication technology

Information and communication technology enhances the teaching of P.E, where appropriate, in all key stages. In dance and gymnastics, children may make video recordings of their performance, and use them to develop their movements and actions. Older children compare each other's performances, and use these to improve the quality of their own work. A digital camera can be used to record experiences during outdoor activities.

7 P.E and inclusion

7.1 We teach P.E to all children, whatever their ability or individual needs. P.E forms part of the school curriculum policy to provide a broad and balanced education to all children. Through our P.E teaching, we provide learning opportunities that enable all pupils to make good progress. We strive hard to meet the needs of those pupils with special educational needs, those with disabilities, those with special gifts and talents, and those learning English as an additional language, and we take all reasonable steps to achieve this. For further details, see separate policies: Special Educational Needs; Disability Discrimination; Gifted and Talented Children; English as an Additional Language (E.A.L).

7.2 When progress falls significantly outside the expected range, the child may have special educational needs. Our assessment process looks at a range of factors - equipment, teaching style, differentiation - so that we can take some additional or different action to enable the child to learn more effectively. Assessment against the National Curriculum allows us to consider each child's attainment and progress against expected levels. This helps to ensure that our teaching is matched to the child's needs.

7.3 Intervention through School Action and School Action Plus will lead to the creation of an Individual Education Plan (I.E.P) for children with special educational needs. The IEP may include, as appropriate, specific targets relating to P.E.

7.4 We enable all pupils to have access to the full range of activities involved in learning P.E. Where children are to participate in activities outside our school (a sports event at another school, for example), we carry out a risk assessment prior to the activity, to ensure that the activity is safe and appropriate for all pupils, in line with L.A guidance on safety during Educational Visits.

8 Assessment for learning

8.1 Teachers assess children's work in P.E by making assessments as they observe them working during lessons. Older pupils are encouraged to evaluate their own work and to suggest ways in which to improve. Teachers record the progress made by children against the learning objectives for their lessons. At the end of a unit of work, teachers make a judgement against the National Curriculum levels of attainment. Teachers record this information and use it to plan the future work of each child. These records also enable the teacher to make an annual assessment of progress for each child, as part of the school's annual report to parents. The teacher passes this information on to the next teacher at the end of each year.

8.2 Photographic and video evidence of children's work may be kept as part of a portfolio of children's work. This demonstrates what the expected level of achievement is in each area of P.E activity in each year of the school. Teachers regularly review individual evidence of children's work against the national exemplification material produced by the Q.C.A and the D.F.E.S.

9 Resources

9.1 There is a wide range of resources to support the teaching of P.E across the school. We keep most of our small equipment in the P.E storage areas situated in the hall and at the rear of the stage, and this is accessible to children only under adult supervision. The hall contains a range of large apparatus, and we expect the children to help to set up and put away this equipment as part of their work. By so doing, the children learn to handle equipment safely. The children use the school field for games and athletics activities, and the local swimming pool for swimming lessons.

10 Health and safety

10.1 It is the general teaching requirement for health and safety that applies to this subject. We encourage the children to consider their own safety and the safety of others at all times. We expect them to change for P.E into the agreed clothing for each activity area. The governing body expects the teachers to set a good example by wearing appropriate clothing when teaching P.E. The policy of the governing body is that no potentially dangerous jewellery, i.e. earrings, are to be worn for any physical activity.

11 Extra-curricular activities

11.1 The school provides a range of P.E-related activities for children at the end of the school day. These encourage children to further develop their skills in a range of the activity areas. The school sends details of the current club activities to parents at the beginning of each term. The school endeavours to take part in inter-school sporting fixtures against other local schools. This introduces a competitive element to team games, and allows the children to put into practice the skills that they have developed in their lessons. These opportunities foster a sense of team spirit and cooperation amongst our children.

12 Continuous Professional Development (C.P.D)

This will take place in response to school self-evaluation where appropriate. Lead Learners attend network meetings each term as provided by the L.A.

13 Monitoring and review

13.1 The coordination and planning of the P.E curriculum are the responsibility of the subject leader, who also:

- supports colleagues in their teaching, by keeping informed about current developments in P.E and provides a strategic lead and direction for this subject;
- gives the headteacher an annual summary report in which she evaluates the strengths and weaknesses in P.E and indicates areas for further improvement;
- reviews evidence through observation of the children's work in P.E across the school where possible and discussion with staff and pupils.

13.2 This policy will be reviewed at least every two years.